### 3.1 Characteristics of Polynomial Functions

Polynomial Function: A function of the form: $f(x)=a_{n} x^{n}+a_{n-1} x^{n-1}+a_{n-2} x^{n-2}+\ldots+a_{1} x^{1}+a_{0}$ where: $n$ is a whole number
$x$ is a variable
$a_{n}, a_{n-1}, a_{n-2} \ldots . a_{0}$ are real numbers (coefficients)

| Degree | - highest exponent of the polynomial <br> function |
| :--- | :--- |
| Constant term | - term with no variable ( $\left.a_{0}\right)$ <br> - y-intercept |
| Number of possible <br> $x$-intercepts | number of times the function crosses the <br> $x$-axis (degree of the function) |
| Leading coefficient | - coefficient in front of the highest <br> degree term |
| End behavior | - directions and quadrants that the <br> polynomial extends in to. |

1. Using the equation and the graph of $f(x)=2 x^{2}-5 x-3$, find the following:

| Degree | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Constant term | $-\mathbf{3}$ |
| Number of possible <br> $x$-intercepts | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Leading coefficient | positive (+2) |
| End behavior | up in quad I <br> up in quad II |


2. Use a graphing calculator to make a sketch of each function. Then look for patterns that will allow you to determine (degree, constant term, number of possible x-intercepts, leading coefficient and end behavior) without graphing the function.

| Type |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Linear | $y=x$  | $y=-3 x$  | $y=x+1$  | $y=x-4$  |
| Quadratic | $y=x^{2}$  | $y=-2 x^{2}$ |  | $y=x^{2}-x-2$  |
| Cubic |  | $y=-4 x^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} y=x^{3}-4 \\ \sim \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Quartic | $y=x^{4}$ | $y=-2 x^{4}$ | $y=x^{4}+2$ |  |
| Quintic |  | $y=-x^{5}$ |  | $\underbrace{y=x^{5}+3 x^{4}-x^{2}+2}_{-}$ |

3. Without graphing, describe the function: $y=-x^{4}+10 x^{2}+5 x-2$.

| Degree | 4 |
| :--- | :---: |
| (quartic polynomial) |  |
| Constant term | -2 |
| Number of possible <br> $x$-intercepts | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| Leading coefficient | -1 |
| End behavior | down in quad III |
| down in quad II |  |
| Direction of <br> opening | opens down |

4. Without graphing, describe the function: $y=x^{3}+x^{2}-5 x+8$.

$\rightarrow$ only applicable for even-number degree polynomials
Practice: p. 114 \#1-5, $7-9$
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