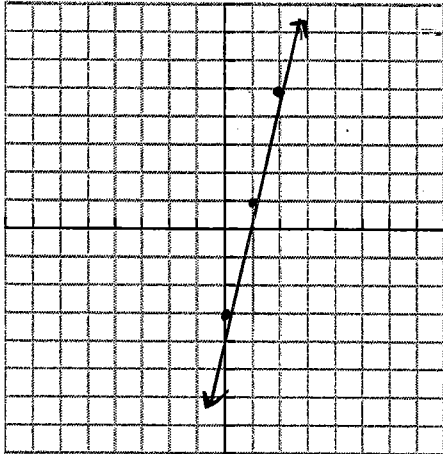


Nom: _____

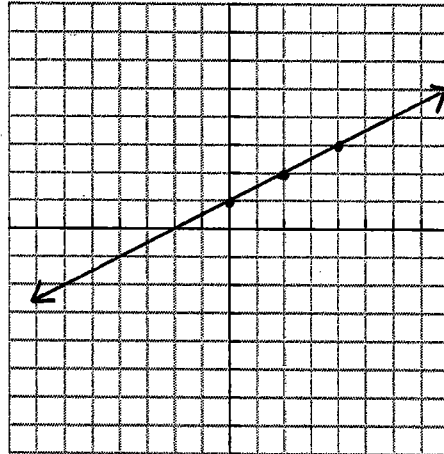
4,3 Forme explicite - Exercice

1. Trace le graphique de chaque fonction linéaire.

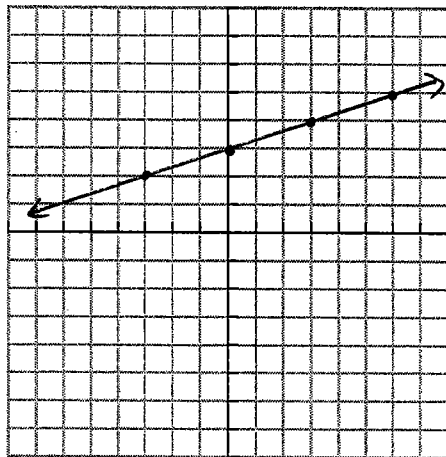
a) $y = 4x - 3$



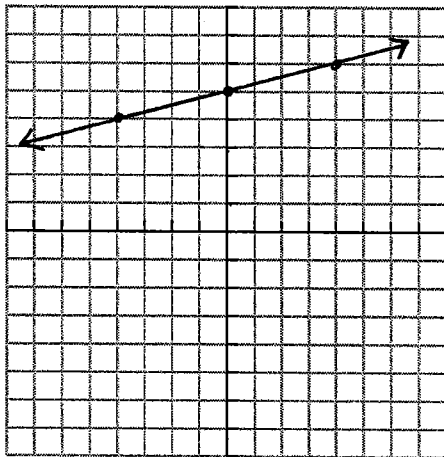
b) $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$



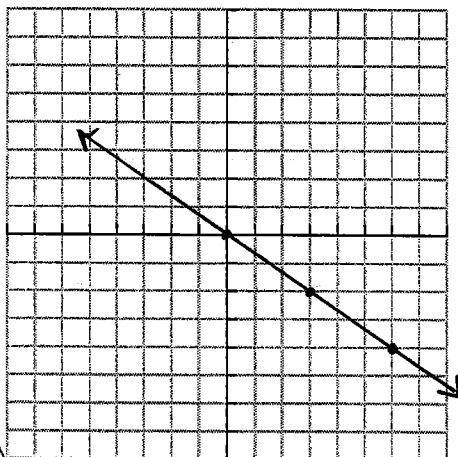
c) $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 3$



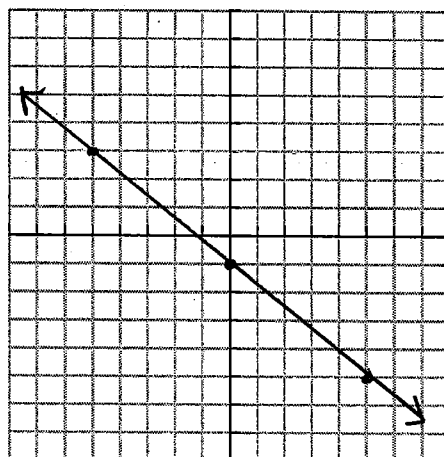
d) $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 5$



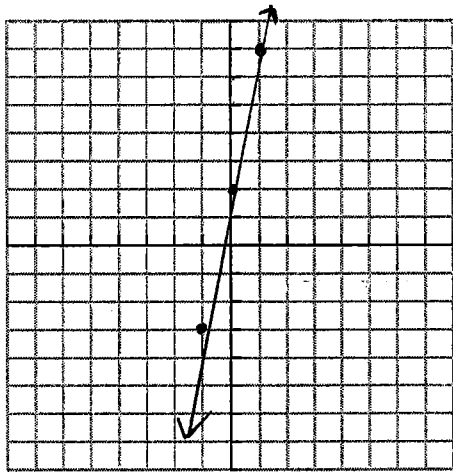
e) $y = -\frac{2}{3}x$ $b = 0$



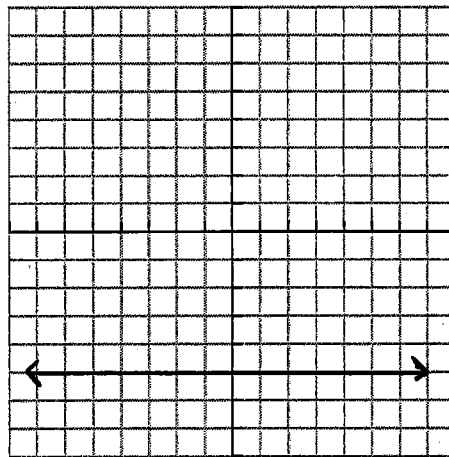
f) $y = -\frac{4}{5}x - 1$



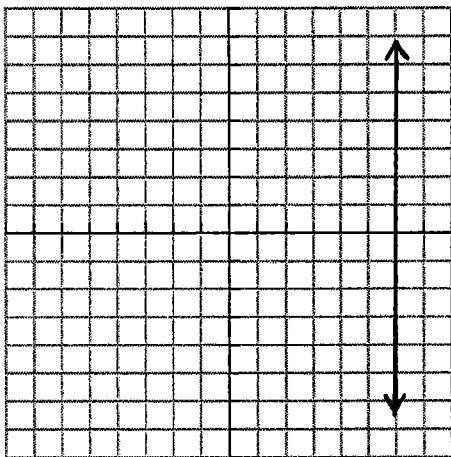
g) $y = 5x + 2$



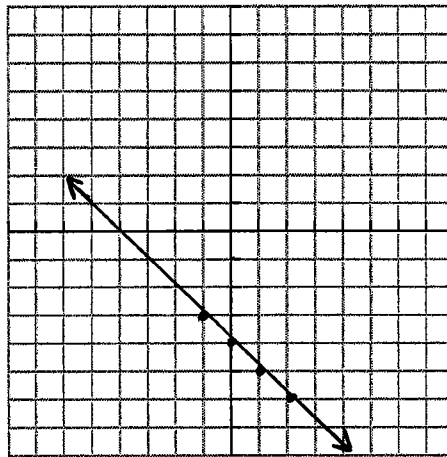
h) $y = -5$ droite horizontale



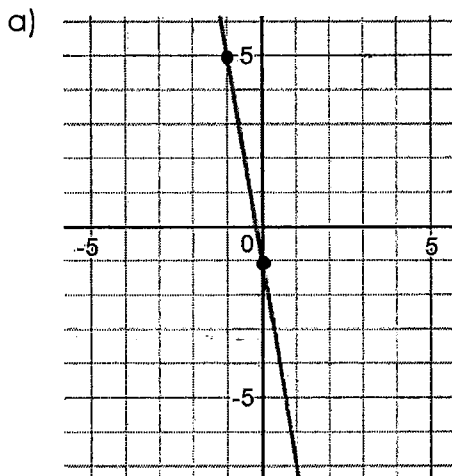
i) $x = 6$ droite verticale



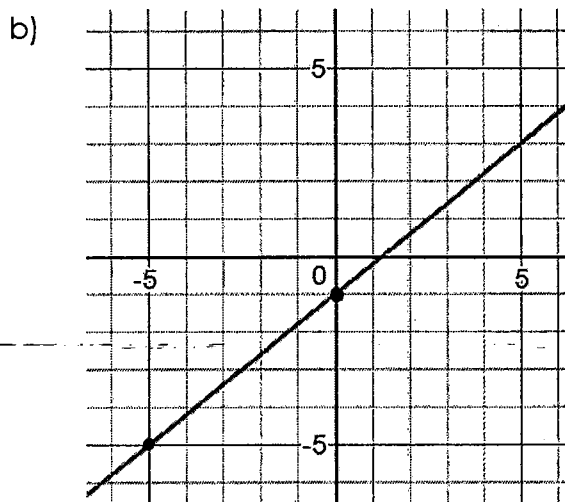
j) $y = -x - 4$



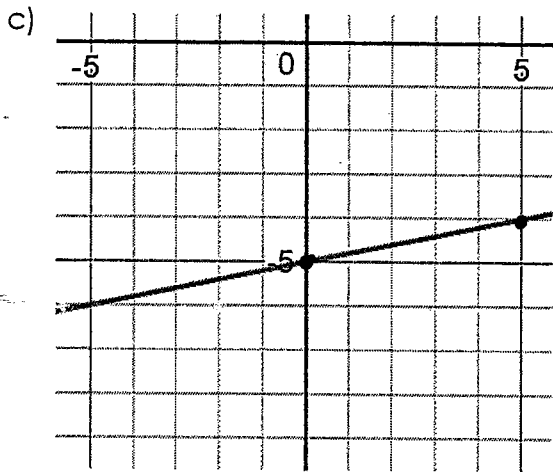
2. Pour chaque graphique, écris une équation sous la forme explicite ($y = mx + b$) qui définit le graphique.



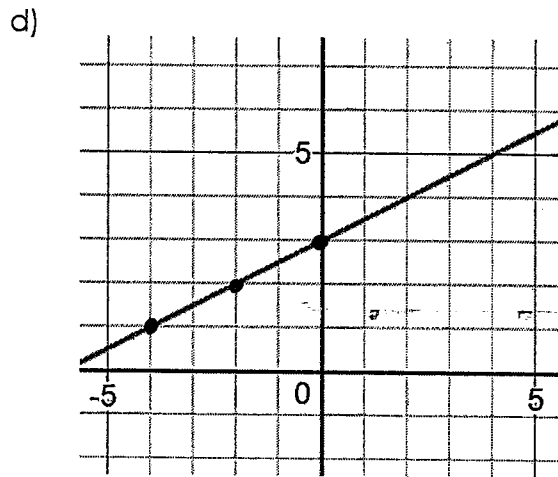
$y = -6x - 1$



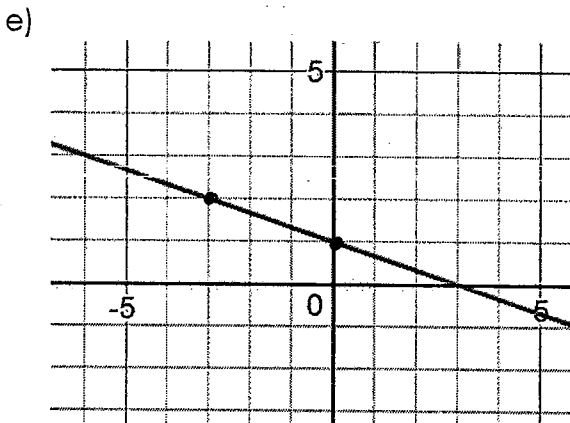
$y = \frac{4}{5}x - 1$



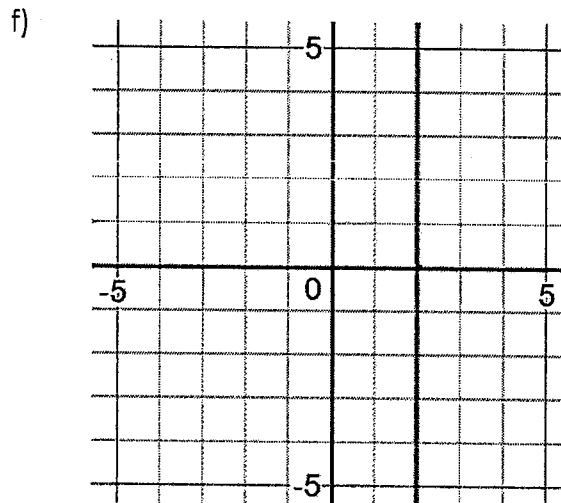
$$\underline{y = \frac{1}{5}x - 5}$$



$$\underline{y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3}$$



$$\underline{y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 1}$$



$$\underline{x = 2}$$

