

Assignment 6.3

Prove the following identities.

$$1. \sin \theta \cot \theta = \cos \theta$$

$$2. \cos A \tan A = \sin A$$

$$3. \frac{\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \sec \theta$$

$$4. \frac{1+\sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = 1 + \csc \alpha$$

$$5. \frac{\sin \alpha - 1}{\cos} = \tan \alpha - \sec \alpha$$

$$6. 1 - \sin B \cos B \tan B = \cos^2 B$$

$$7. \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha \cot \alpha = \csc \alpha$$

$$8. 1 - 2\sin^2 x = 2\cos^2 x - 1$$

$$9. \cos \theta (\csc \theta - \sec \theta) = \cot \theta - 1$$

$$10. \csc \beta (\csc \beta + \cot \beta) = \frac{1}{1-\cos}$$

$$11. \sin^4 x - \cos^4 x = 2 \sin^2 x - 1$$

$$12. \tan^4 \theta - \sec^4 \theta = 1 - 2 \sec^2 \theta$$

$$13. \frac{\sin \beta + \tan \beta}{1 + \cos \beta} = \tan \beta$$

$$14. \sec \theta + \tan \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{1 - \sin}$$

$$15. (1 + \csc x)(1 - \sin x) = \cot x \cos x$$

$$16. (1 + \tan \theta + \sec \theta)^2 = 2(1 + \sec \theta)(\tan \theta + \sec \theta)$$

$$17. (1 + \sec \theta)(\sec \theta - 1) = \frac{\sin \theta \sec \theta}{\cos \theta \csc \theta}$$

$$18. (\csc \theta - 1)(1 + \csc \theta) = \frac{\csc \theta \cos \theta}{\sec \theta \sin \theta}$$

$$19. \frac{\sin x \cos x}{1 + \cos x} - \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos} = -(\cot x \cos x + \csc x)$$

$$20. \frac{\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha}{\sec \alpha + \tan \alpha} + \frac{\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sec \alpha - \tan \alpha} = 2 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha \sec \alpha$$

$$21. \frac{\sec \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} = \frac{\sec \theta + 1}{\sin^2 \theta}$$

$$22. \frac{\tan x}{\tan x + \sin x} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin^2 x}$$

$$23. \frac{1 + \sec}{\sec \theta - 1} + \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\cos \theta - 1} = 0$$

$$24. \frac{\sec^2 \theta (1 + \csc) - \tan \theta (\sec \theta + \tan \theta)}{\csc (1 + \sin)} - 1 = 0$$